

Workshop on the Enhancing Sustainability of Forestry Practices on Peatlands 27-28 June 2012, IPB International Convention Centre (IICC), Bogor, Indonesia

## **BREAK UP GROUP DISCUSSION (28 JUNE 2012)**

## **Group 1: Management and Rehabilitation of Peat Swamp Forest**

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- 1. The key elements (parameters) on Management and Rehabilitation of Peat Swamp Forest;
  - Manual and concepts of peatland protection and management
  - Water management (proper/ systematic canal system), ecosystem (plants i.e endemic species that non-flammable), fire management and awareness of stakeholders
  - Peatland allocated for resettlement, agriculture, conservation purposes etc. - sustainable development. Effective and competent managers to manage the area. Commitment of multi-stakeholders to the sustainable peatland management. Unclear institutional arrangement and crosssectoral issues
  - Incentives for rehabilitation. Ecosystem services. Management hydrological management units - integrating the rehabilitation of vegetation/ peat forest as well as rehabilitating the peat.
  - Regulations (enforcement), spatial support/ planning of peatland, social issues (challenges – local communities as well as other stakeholders), ecosystem management – FSC. Private sector – production management, sustainable. Rehabilitation – social issue, water management (especially on degraded area). Coordination and working together with other sectors (local communities and NGOs for benefits sharing)
  - Sustainable management of remaining and existing peatland forests in perpetual for multiple uses and functions. ii. Sustainable management of existing and degraded peatland for continue economic production without









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- 2. The challenges and gaps in peat swamp forest management and rehabilitation in Southeast Asia; E.g. Lack of technical guide, lack of resources etc.
  - Smart partnership of multi-stakeholders (e.g. private sector and international funders) in rehabilitating the degraded peatlands. Production sector – set aside part of concession land to fulfil promises towards REDD+ programme
  - APMI and APMS as a guided document in conserving the peatlands (objectives and strategies – National Action Plans for Peatlands (NAPP) of each country)
  - Lack of up-to-date information, competency in managing peatland forest, REDD+ mechanism (readiness?)
  - APMS adopted by AMS. It is a living document that will be reviewed, implementation of the strategies spelled out in the APMS.
  - Coordination (mis-coordination between central government, provincial government and local government), fire management (strong commitment of local government and stakeholders in fire prevention)
- 3. What are the effective ways that you think can overcome these challenges and gaps? In what area is more guidance needed?
  - Water Control (Management) by water level measuring, water level control, and predicting water effects on ecosystem
  - Planning and addressing the root cause
  - Identifying appropriate management intervention e.g. water management, reforestation, natural succession?
  - Enrichment planting and Species selection
  - Maintenance of rehabilitation activities/sites
  - Stakeholder engagement
  - Land ownership/incentive mechanism
  - How to integrate and manage all data for Peat Swamp Forest Management such as using satellite data, various types of ground observation data, GIS and





to over come poverty





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so on.

- Monetary (most important) sustain funding
- Responsibility (relevant authorities, land owners)

## 4. Next steps;

- Institution Arrangements
- Policy implementations
- More detail researches
- Networking and communication within the stakeholders
- Compilation and dissemination of researches results and best practices
- Solve the poverty and improve the livelihood
- Socialisation of each countries for National/Provincial Master Plans on Sustainable Peatlands Management









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