Towards a Low Carbon and Climate Resilient ASEAN Community Post-2015, with a Focus on Sustainable Solutions for Peatland Fires and Haze



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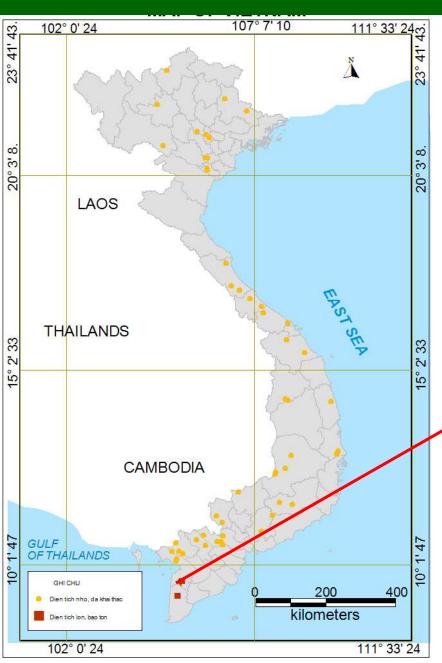


Outline

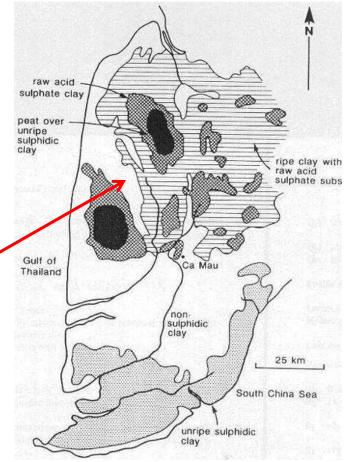
- 1. Overview
- 2. Root causes of peatlands degradation
- 3. Sustainable management



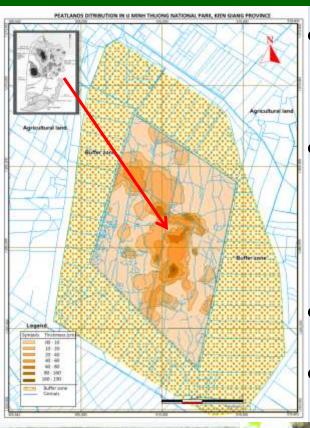
1. OVERVIEW



 Located in Kien Giang Province, Mekong Delta, Vietnam



1. OVERVIEW



- Peatlands in UMT area is about 4,000 hectares.
- Designed as National Park of peatland ecosystems in Mekong Delta.
- Dominant Melaleuca forest
- Rich biodiversity





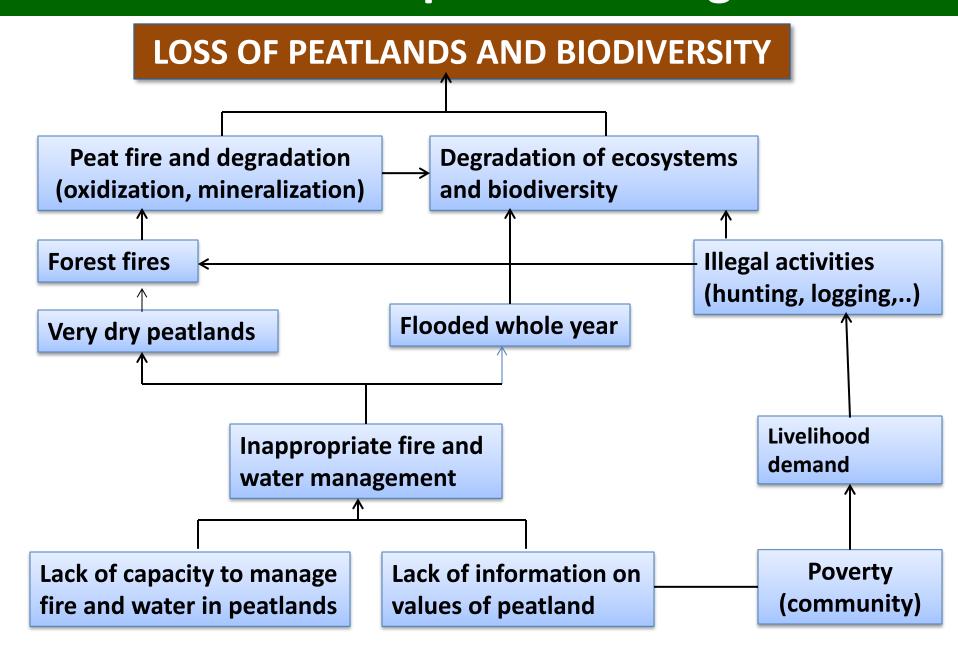


1. OVERVIEW

Function of peatlands:

Storage of water
 Supplying fresh water for agricultural production in the dry season

Carbon storage





Forest fires in 2002

- About 80 percent of forest area of U Minh Thuong National Park was burned.
- Degradation of ecosystems and biodiversity







Inappropriate management of hydrology

High water levels throughout the year in the national park (in dry season, 2009)

Resulted in degradation of Melaleuca forest.



Illegal activities:

Hunting, peat exploitation



Peatland mining for other uses: fertilizer production, fules, etc.)



SEApeat









Under support from APFP and SEApeat Projects from 2010 to 2014.

- Capacity building for local government staff
- Awareness-raising for local communities in peatlands.
- Integrated management of fire and water in peatlands.
- Local community livelihood development in buffer zone

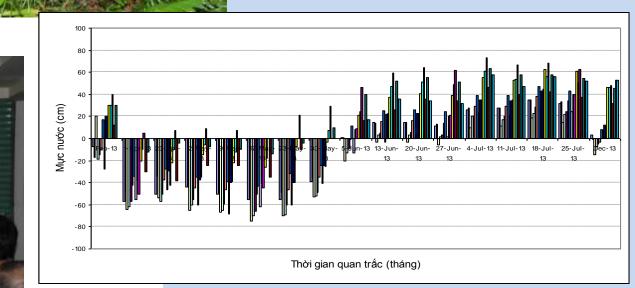


Capacity building for local government staff





Integrated
 management of fire
 and water in peatlands





Local community
 livelihood development
 in buffer zone

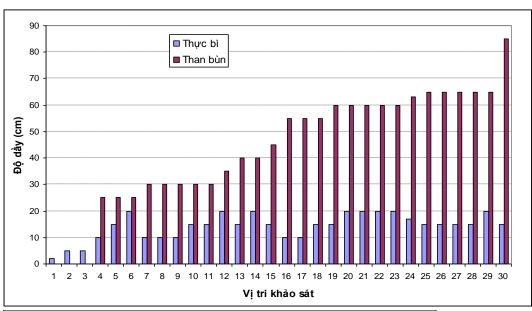


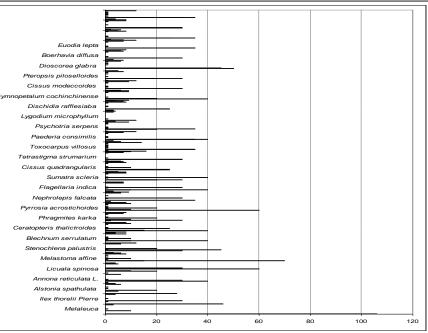
• Income/household/year:

100,000,000 VN Dong = 5,000 USD

From 2009 to 2015

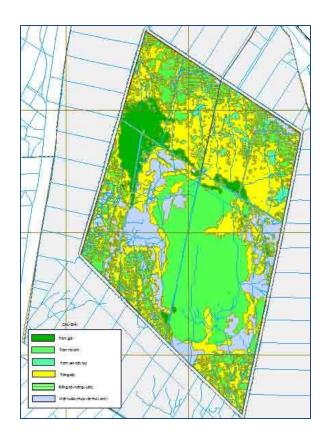
- NO forest fire
- NO illegal activities
- Community-based management in UMT National Park.





- Increased plant residues in surface layer.
- Increased
 population and
 species of flora and
 water birds.

Integrated management of water and fire on peatlands is very important activity for forest fire control and rehabilitation of ecosystem and biodiversity.



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Ecosystems in 2006

Ecosystems in 2009

Ecosystems in 2012





